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### Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

#### Listing of Claims

1. (Currently Amended) A power-on reset circuit, comprising:  
a Schmitt trigger circuit constructed with a plurality of MOS devices each of said devices having the same  $V_t$  for determining a power reset trigger level; and  
a voltage divider connected to an input of the Schmitt-trigger circuit and configured to track a supply signal; and  
a threshold-enhancement node having a first voltage when the Schmitt trigger circuit enters and exits a power-down mode and having a second voltage when the Schmitt trigger enters and exits a sleep mode.
2. (Currently Amended) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 1, and further comprising a compensate circuit operatively coupled to the Schmitt trigger circuit for generating a ~~relatively small~~ reset pulse to compensate for temperature and a supply signal variation effect.
3. (Previously Amended) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 1, wherein the voltage divider includes a current source transistor operative to generate a current in response to the supply signal.
4. (Currently Amended) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 1, wherein the voltage divider includes a ~~relatively large~~ low-side resistor for reduction of leakage current.
5. (Original) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 1, wherein the voltage divider includes a compensate circuit operative to adjust a feedback current to restore a voltage at the input of the Schmitt-trigger circuit, in response to a fluctuation in the supply signal.

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6. (Currently Amended) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 1, wherein the Schmitt trigger circuit further comprises a threshold enhancement node having a first voltage is greater than zero ~~when the Schmitt trigger circuit enters and exits a power-down mode and having a~~ and the second voltage is less than the first voltage ~~when the Schmitt trigger enters and exits a sleep mode.~~
7. (Previously Amended) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 1, wherein the Schmitt trigger circuit further comprises a reset signal node operative to rise from a ground potential to a first voltage in response to an increase of the supply signal when the supply signal has compared favorably to a first threshold voltage, and to drop from the first voltage to the ground potential when the supply signal has not compared favorably to the first threshold voltage, if the Schmitt trigger circuit has not entered a sleep mode.
8. (Previously Amended) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 1, wherein the Schmitt trigger circuit further comprises a reset signal node having a first voltage peak when the Schmitt trigger circuit enters a power-down mode and having a second voltage peak, which is greater than the first voltage peak, when the Schmitt trigger circuit exits the power-down mode.
9. (Currently Amended) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 8, wherein the reset signal node further has a third voltage when the Schmitt trigger circuit enters and exits a sleep mode and wherein the third voltage is less than the first voltage peak.
10. (Currently Amended) A method for providing a reset signal in response to a supply signal, the method comprising:  
generating a primary current in response to the supply signal;  
generating a trigger voltage in response to the primary current;  
if a sleep mode has not been entered and the supply signal has not compared favorably to a first threshold level, increasing the reset signal from a reference potential to a first potential in response to an increase in the supply signal; and

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if a sleep mode has been entered and the supply signal has compared favorably to the first threshold level, setting the reset signal to the reference potential;

wherein the reset signal is increased from the reference potential to the first potential in response to the increase in the supply signal when a power-up state is entered and is increased from the reference potential to a second potential in response to a decrease in the supply signal when a power-down state is entered, the first potential being greater than the second potential.

11. Cancelled.

12. (Currently Amended) The method for providing a reset signal in response to a supply signal of claim ~~11~~10, further comprising compensating the trigger voltage in response to a change in temperature, wherein the compensating of the trigger voltage in response to a change in temperature includes:

providing a primary current path having a current corresponding to the trigger voltage;  
and

in a circuit having a complementary temperature coefficient with respect to a current source, adjusting the current of the primary current path to compensate the current for temperature-dependent current variations.

13. (Currently Amended) The method for providing a reset signal in response to a supply signal of claim 12, wherein the adjusting of the current of the primary current path to compensate the current for temperature-dependent current variations includes:

providing a compensation path in parallel to a low-end portion of the current path; and  
increasing a compensation current in the compensation path in response to ~~the~~ a decrease in the primary current, and decreasing the compensation current in the compensation path in response to an increase in the primary current.

14. (Currently Amended) A computer system comprising:  
a microprocessor;  
a bus coupled to the microprocessor;

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a memory coupled to the bus; and  
a ~~the~~ power-on reset circuit of claim 1 operative to generate a power-on reset signal to the microprocessor, ~~the power-on reset circuit comprising:~~  
~~—— a Schmitt trigger circuit constructed with a plurality of MOS devices each of said devices having the same  $V_T$  for determining a power reset trigger level; and~~  
~~—— a voltage divider connected to an input of the Schmitt trigger circuit for tracking a supply signal.~~

15. (Currently Amended) The computer system of claim 14, wherein the power-on reset circuit further comprises a compensate circuit operatively coupled to the Schmitt trigger circuit for generating a ~~relatively small~~ reset pulse to compensate for temperature and a supply signal variation effect.

16. (Previously Amended) The computer system of claim 14, wherein the voltage divider includes a current source transistor operative to generate a current in response to the supply signal.

17. (Currently Amended) The computer system of claim 14, wherein the voltage divider includes a ~~relatively large~~ low-side resistor for reduction of leakage current.

18. (Original) The computer system of claim 14, wherein the voltage divider includes a compensate circuit operative to adjust a feedback current to restore a voltage at the input of the Schmitt-trigger circuit, in response to a fluctuation in temperature.

19. (Previously Amended) The computer system of claim 14, wherein the Schmitt trigger circuit further comprises a reset signal node operative to rise from a ground potential to a first voltage in response to an increase of the supply signal when the supply signal has compared favorably to a first threshold voltage, and to drop from the first voltage to the ground potential when the supply signal has not compared favorably to the first threshold voltage, if the Schmitt trigger circuit has not entered a sleep mode.

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20. (Previously Amended) The computer system of claim 14, wherein the Schmitt trigger circuit further comprises a reset signal node operative to rise from a ground potential to a first voltage in response to a change of the supply signal during either a power-up or power-down mode but not during an entering or exiting of a sleep mode.

21. (Currently Amended) The computer system of claim 20, wherein:  
the Schmitt trigger circuit further comprises a reset signal node operative to rise from the ground potential to the first voltage in response to a change of the supply signal during a the power-up mode and to rise from the ground potential to a second voltage in response to a change of the supply signal during the power-down mode; and  
the first voltage is greater than the second voltage.

22. (Previously Amended) The computer system of claim 14, wherein:  
the Schmitt trigger circuit further comprises a reset signal node operative to rise from a ground potential to a first voltage in response to a change of the supply signal during a power-up mode and to rise from a ground potential to a second voltage in response to a change of the supply signal during a power-down mode; and  
the first voltage is greater than the second voltage.

23. (Previously Added) A method for providing a reset signal in response to a supply signal, the method comprising:  
generating a primary current in response to the supply signal;  
generating a trigger voltage in response to the primary current;  
if a sleep mode has not been entered and the supply signal has not compared favorably to a first threshold level, increasing the reset signal from a reference potential to a first potential in response to an increase in the supply signal; and  
if a sleep mode has not been entered and the supply signal has compared favorably to the first threshold level, setting the reset signal to the reference potential;

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wherein the reset signal is increased from the reference potential to the first potential in response to the increase in the supply signal when a power-up state is entered, the reset signal is increased from the reference potential to a second potential in response to a decrease in the supply signal when a power-down state is entered, and the first potential is greater than the second potential.

24. (Previously Added) The method for providing a reset signal in response to a supply signal of claim 23, further comprising compensating the trigger voltage in response to a change in temperature, wherein the compensating of the trigger voltage in response to a change in temperature includes:

providing a primary current path having a current corresponding to the trigger voltage;  
and

in a circuit having a complementary temperature coefficient with respect to a current source, adjusting the current of the primary current path to compensate the current for temperature-dependent current variations.

25. (Currently Amended) The method for providing a reset signal in response to a supply signal of claim 24, wherein the adjusting of the current of the primary current path to compensate the current for temperature-dependent current variations includes:

providing a compensation path in parallel to a low-end portion of the current path; and  
increasing a compensation current in the compensation path in response to ~~the~~ a decrease in the primary current, and decreasing the compensation current in the compensation path in response to an increase in the primary current.

26. (New) A power-on reset circuit, comprising:

a Schmitt trigger circuit constructed with a plurality of MOS devices each of said devices having the same  $V_t$  for determining a power reset trigger level; and

a voltage divider connected to an input and not controlled by an output of the Schmitt-trigger circuit and configured to track a supply signal, the voltage divider comprising resistors connected directly to the Schmitt trigger circuit.

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27. (New) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 26, and further comprising a compensate circuit operatively coupled to the Schmitt trigger circuit for generating a reset pulse to compensate for temperature and a supply signal variation effect.
28. (New) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 26, wherein the voltage divider includes a current source transistor operative to generate a current in response to the supply signal.
29. (New) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 26, wherein the voltage divider includes a low-side resistor for reduction of leakage current.
30. (New) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 26, wherein the voltage divider includes a compensate circuit operative to adjust a feedback current to restore a voltage at the input of the Schmitt-trigger circuit, in response to a fluctuation in the supply signal.
31. (New) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 26, wherein the Schmitt trigger circuit further comprises a threshold-enhancement node having a first voltage greater than zero when the Schmitt trigger circuit enters and exits a power-down mode and having a second voltage less than the first voltage when the Schmitt trigger enters and exits a sleep mode.
32. (New) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 26, wherein the Schmitt trigger circuit further comprises a reset signal node operative to rise from a ground potential to a first voltage in response to an increase of the supply signal when the supply signal has compared favorably to a first threshold voltage, and to drop from the first voltage to the ground potential when the supply signal has not compared favorably to the first threshold voltage, if the Schmitt trigger circuit has not entered a sleep mode.
33. (New) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 26, wherein the Schmitt trigger circuit further comprises a reset signal node having a first voltage peak when the Schmitt trigger

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circuit enters a power-down mode and having a second voltage peak, which is greater than the first voltage peak, when the Schmitt trigger circuit exits the power-down mode.

34. (New) The power-on reset circuit according to claim 33, wherein the reset signal node further has a third voltage when the Schmitt trigger circuit enters and exits a sleep mode and wherein the third voltage is less than the first voltage peak.